

دوفصلنامه علمی-پژوهشی تحقیقات ژنتیک و اصلاح گیاهان مرتعی و جنگلی ایران
جلد ۱۶، شماره ۱، صفحه ۱۱۷-۱۲۵ (۱۳۸۷)

مطالعه کاربیو تیپی ۵ جمعیت رازیانه (*Foeniculum vulgare* Mill.) بومی ایران

E-mail:safaii2000@yahoo.com

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چکیده

x =

n = x =

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(% /)

مقدمه

(Rechinger, 1982) (Apiaceae)

) (.

/ /

() Chitra () Pamela Maude .

n =

Haywood Zohary

Deng () Shanmugavelu ()

Data . ()

() Rita

(Foeniculum vulgare Miller.)

/ / ± /

Sheidaii . /

()

) n = x =

Orton Murata

(Apium graveolens) ()

) *(Kelussia odoratissima)*

(

)

() Anuradha .(

$$= \left(\frac{\text{S}}{\text{L}} \right) \times \left(\frac{\text{S}}{\text{L}} \right)$$

$$\text{Arm ratio} = \text{S/L} = \left(\frac{\text{S}}{\text{L}} \right)$$

$$(r\text{-value}) = \left(\frac{\text{S}}{\text{L}} \right)$$

$$r\text{-value} = \left(\frac{\text{S}}{\text{L}} \right)$$

(DRL)

(Levan
et al., 1964)

(r-value)

(TF%)

مواد و روشها

$$\text{TF \%} = \left(\frac{\text{S}}{\text{L}} \right) \times \text{TF\%}$$

(Agayev,
 1996)

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(DRL)

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m + sm	/	/	/	/
m	/	/		/
m + sm + st	/	/	/	/

:DRL

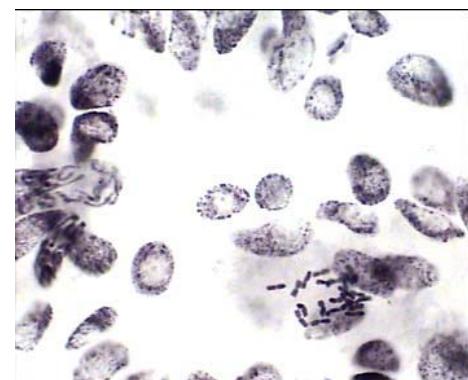
:%S

:%TF



KKKKKKKKKK

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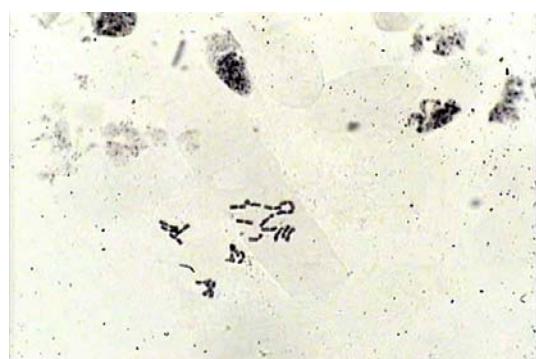
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بحث

n = x=

() Heywood Zohary () Pamela Maude
 DRL %S Deng () Shanmugavelu
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() Orton Murata

TF%

سپاسگزاری

منابع مورد استفاده

(%S)

%S

Datta .	%
()	(TF%)

(S%)

% / % /

Aloe litoralis

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Cytogenetic studies in 5 native fennel (*Foeniculum vulgare* Mill.) populations of Iran**Safaei¹ L., H. Zeinali¹ and Z. Jaberalansar¹**

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Abstract

This study was carried out in Agricultural and Natural Resource Research Center of Esfahan during 2004-2006. Karyotypes of 5 fennel populations were studied, using root tip mitotic cells. The base chromosome number was $x= 11$ for the studied populations. Number of chromosomes, length of the longest chromosome, length of the shortest chromosome, longest/ shortest length ratio, average of long arm/short arm ratio, average of short arm/long arm ratio, average of chromosomes ratio were recorded. The types of chromosomes were metacentric, submetacentric and telocentric. Comparison of relative length of the shortest chromosome (S%) showed that Lorestan and Fozveh-Najafabad populations with 75% and 72.72% relative length of the shortest chromosome, respectively, had more symmetric karyotype and Esfahan population with 33.33% relative length value had less symmetric karyotype.

Key words: Cytogenetic, fennel, chromosome, mitotic and karyotype